“If” CONDITIONAL

There are 4 main types of **if** sentences in English, often called **conditional** sentences. These sentences are in two halves (clauses):

* the **if** part (if clause)
* the other part where you can use words such as **can**, **will**, **may**, **might**, **could** and **would** (main clause)

**ZERO CONDITIONAL (Conditional type 0)** is a structure used for talking about general truths -- things which

always happen under certain conditions (note that most zero conditional sentences will mean the same thing if "when" is used instead of "if"). The zero conditional is used to talk about things which are always true -- scientific facts, general truths, and so on.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| if clause | main clause |
| **If + Present Simple** | **Present Simple** |
| *If you heat the water to 100 degrees,* | *it boils.* |

 **1st CONDITIONAL (condidional type 1)** is a structure used for talking about possibilities in the present or in the future. The first conditional is used to talk about things which are possible in the present or the future -- things which *may happen.*

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| --- | --- |
| if clause | main clause |
| **If + Present Simple** | **Future Simple, can, may** |
| *If you study hard,* | *you will pass the test.* |

 **2nd CONDITIONAL (conditional type 2)** is a structure used for talking about *unreal situations* in the present or in the future. The second conditional is used to talk about things which are unreal (not true or not possible) in the present or the future -- things which *don't or won't happen.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| if clause | main clause |
| **If + Past Simple** | **would, could, might** |
| *If I had a million dollars,* | *I would buy a big house.* |

**3rd CONDITIONAL (conditional type 3)** is a structure used for talking about *unreal situations* in the *past*. The third conditional is used to talk about things which DID NOT HAPPEN in the past. If your native language does not have a similar construction, you may find this a little strange, but it can be very useful. It is

often used to express criticism or regret.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| if clause | main clause |
| **If + Past Perfect** | **would/could/might have + Past Participle** |
| *If I had studied harder,* | *I would have passed the exam* |

If the "if" clause comes first, a comma is usually used. If the "if" clause comes second, there is no need for a comma –

*Water boils if you heat it to 100 degrees.*

 *You will pass the test if you study hard.*

*I would buy a big house if I had a million dollars.*

*I would have passed the exam if I had studied harder.*